Microbusiness Briefing

STAKEHOLDER SESSION MARCH 25, 2021 1:00 PM



Welcome & Purpose Pamela Lewis





Key Beliefs

Focus on Microbusiness

Intentional Inclusion

Network of Support

Multi-Sector Leadership

Learn from Business Owners













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Purpose

Enhance understanding of local microbusiness needs

Current landscape of support for microbusinesses

Opportunities to strengthen support for microbusinesses







Microbusiness

Under 10 employees

Under \$250,000 in annual revenue

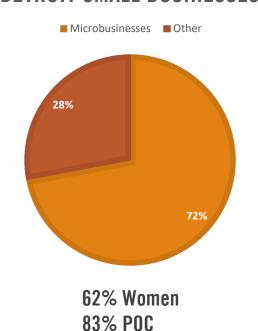
Over 70% of all small businesses

Where entrepreneurs of color and women are seen

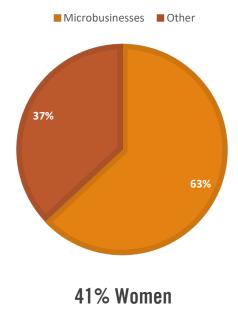
Accessible jobs + wealth building + safer neighborhoods + proximate amenities

Microbusiness are >70% of all businesses

DETROIT SMALL BUSINESSES

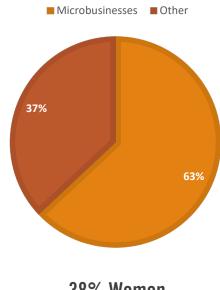


LANSING SMALL BUSINESSES



33% POC

GRAND RAPIDS SMALL BUSINESSES



38% Women 25% POC



Matthew Brewster





About the Respondents

Fielded from mid-Nov 2020 to mid-Jan 2021 and received 760 responses (590 in Wayne County)

25% response rate with 3,000 small businesses through business support organizations, social media, Michigan Chronicle, Detroit Means Business

Multiple sectors represented primarily in retail, food, and services

About the Respondents: Demographics

Target Demographics

	Survey		Census
Demographics	Count	Percent	Percent
Black	371	57%	39%
White	119	18%	50%
ADA	27	4%	12%
Hispanic	22	3%	6%
LGBTQIA+	20	3%	5%
Veteran	11	2%	5%
Middle Eastern	46	7%	5%
Asian	17	3%	2%
Native American	21	3%	<1%

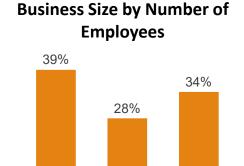
Gender Identity

Gender	Count	Percent
Female (64%)	377	64%
Male (35%)	203	35%
Other("Non-binary")	1	0%
Rather not say	5	1%

The Respondents: Size and Stage

Nearly all respondents were microbusinesses; 39% had 2 or fewer employees and 38% had <\$25k in annual revenue

Most respondents' businesses (74%) have existed for four or more years; a minority of respondents' businesses were early-stage and only 5% were less than one year old

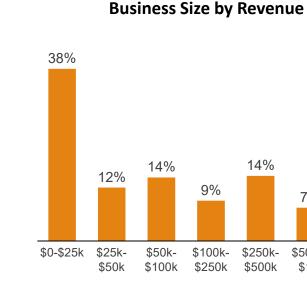


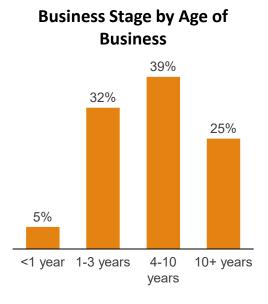
3-5

Employees Employees

>5

0-2





NEW ECONOMY INITIATIVE 13

7%

\$500k-

\$1M

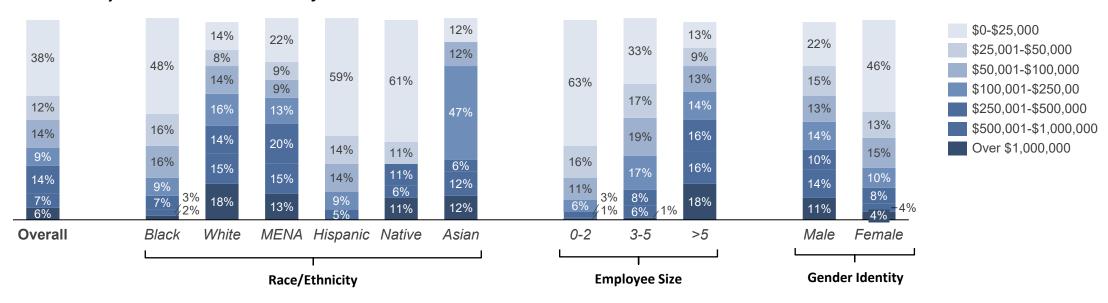
\$1M+

The Respondents: Size Detail

Annual business revenue varied widely based on business size (measured in employment), race and gender identity.

48% of Black-owned, 59% of Hispanic-owned, 61% of Native American-owned businesses, and 46% had <\$25k in revenue pre-COVID (compared to 14% for white-owned businesses and 22% for male-owned businesses).

What was your total annual revenue for 2019?



Key Finding: Impact of COVID

Wayne County microbusinesses were severely impacted by COVID-19 and businesses of color have been harder hit than white-owned businesses

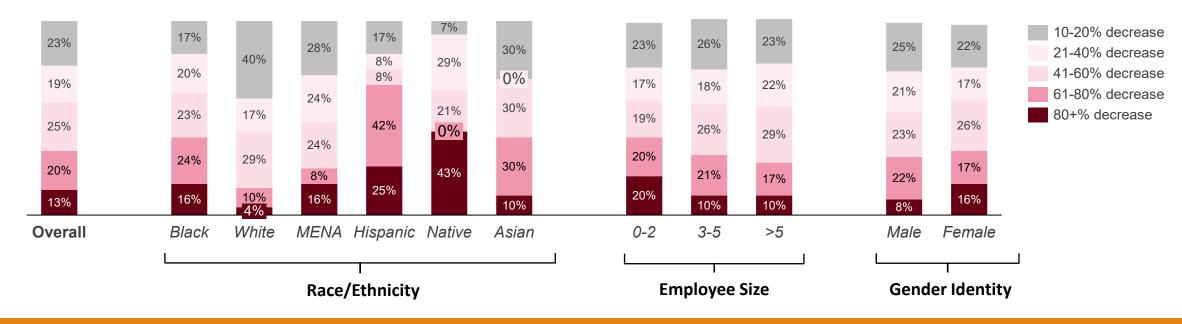
COVID-19 Revenue Declines

Black, Hispanic, MENA, Native, and Asian-owned businesses were 2-4x as likely to have revenue drops of >60%

67% of Hispanic-owned businesses, 64% of Native-owned businesses, and 40% of Black-owned businesses experienced a 60+% decline in revenue (compared to 14% of white-owned businesses)

Smaller businesses were 2x more likely to have revenue decreases of 80+%

What percent change do you expect in your revenue between 2019 and 2020?



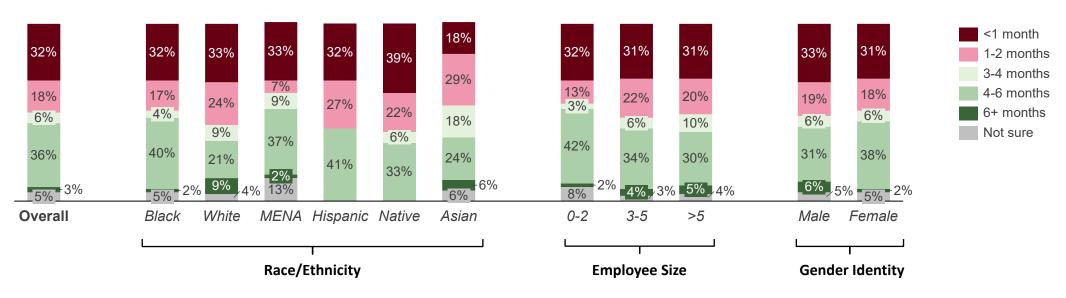
Cash on Hand

Half of businesses had <2 months of cash on hand

Hispanic and Native-owned businesses were more likely to have <2 months of cash on hand

Smaller businesses (0-2 employees) had more cash on hand – more than half had more than 3 months' worth

How much cash on hand for business expenses do you currently have?



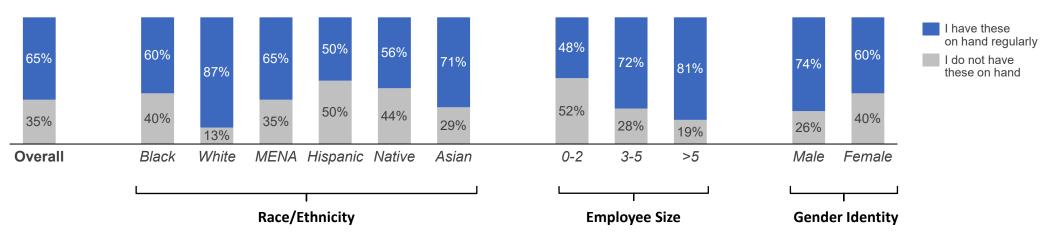
Financial Record Preparedness

Hispanic, MENA, and Black-owned businesses were 3-4x more likely to not have financial statements on hand

Small businesses were 2x more likely not to have financial statements on hand; only 48% of businesses with 0-2 employees had financial statements available

Female-owned businesses were less likely to have financial statements available that male-owned businesses

Do you have financial statements readily available?



Key Finding: Access to Relief Loans

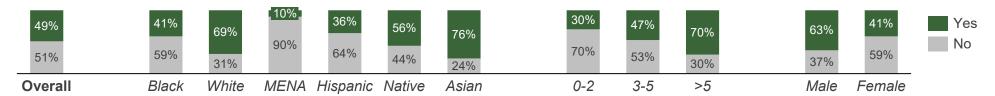
Businesses of color and female-owned businesses applied and were approved for PPP loans at lower rates than white-and male-owned businesses

PPP Access

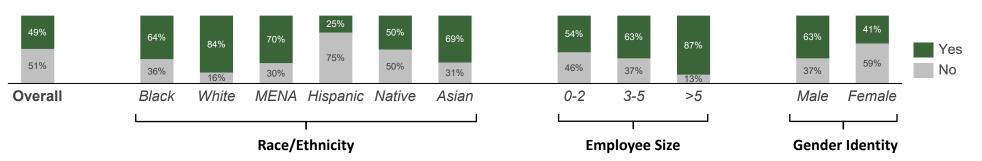
All businesses of color applied and were approved at lower rates than white-owned businesses and the rate of application among the Hispanic (36%) and Black (41%) communities was particularly low.

Approval rates were lowest among American Indian (50%) and Black (64%) business owners; Female-owned businesses were also less likely to apply and be approved.

Have you applied for a PPP (Paycheck Protection Program) loan?



Were you approved for a PPP loan?



Demand for Non-relief Loans

A small minority of businesses overall applied for additional loans and Black, Hispanic, male-owned, and larger businesses were more likely to apply

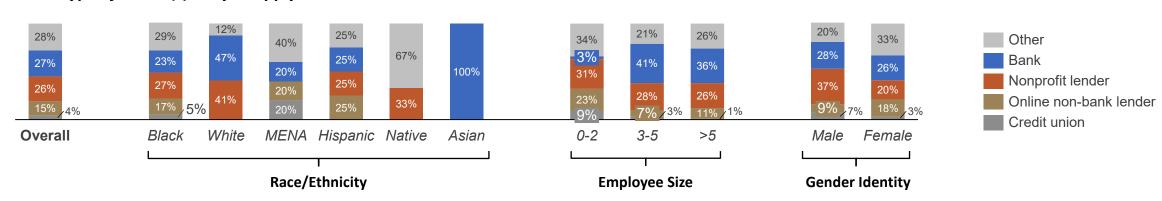
The most common lender applied to (28% of applicants) was "other" (likely government) lenders, followed by banks (27%), nonprofit lenders (26%), online lenders (15%), and credit unions (4%)

Black, MENA, and Hispanic-owned businesses were more likely to apply to online lenders, while white-owned businesses were 2x more likely to apply to a bank

Have you applied for any other loans?



What type of lender(s) did you apply to?



Other Financial Resources Accessed

Nearly all businesses access an additional source of money, including "other" sources (49%), personal savings (40%), friends and family (22%), crowdfunding (4%), asset refinancing (4%), and grant programs

What other sources of capital did you access?

Source
Other
Personal savings
DEGC Stabilization Grants
Friends and family
Tech Town Stabilization Fund
Crowdfunding
Personal asset refinancing

Overall	
49%	,
40%	,
31%	•
22%	,
19%	,
4%	•
4%)

Race/Ethnicity						
Black	White	MENA	Hispanic	Native	Asian	
51%	47%	39%	59%	39%	29%	
43%	36%	30%	50%	22%	29%	
34%	32%	15%	32%	22%	24%	
25%	17%	13%	14%	33%	12%	
22%	16%	2%	18%	17%	18%	
3%	5%	2%	9%	6%	18%	
4%	6%	9%	5%	11%	6%	

Employee Count					
0-2 3-5 >5					
50%	52%	44%			
44%	44%	34%			
15%	36%	45%			
23%	22%	22%			
9%	27%	22%			
4%	6%	4%			
3%	5%	5%			

Gender Identity				
Male	Female			
48%	49%			
40%	40%			
34%	29%			
24%	21%			
16%	20%			
5%	3%			
5%	4%			

Key Findings: Microbusiness Needs

Factors that lead to revenue generation were top needs: capital, accounting and finance assistance, marketing, and adapting business models with technology

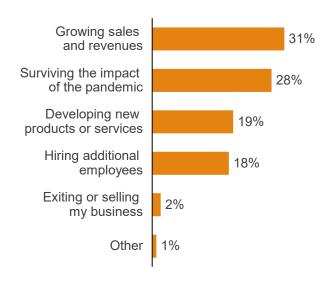
Goals & Resource Needs

Most businesses are focused on growing sales and revenues, surviving the pandemic, and developing new products/services

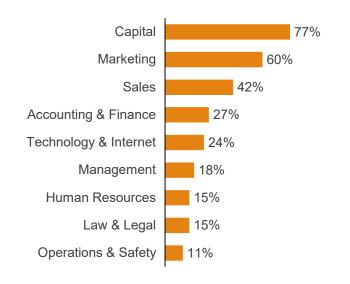
Top resource need to tackle challenges include capital, marketing/sales, accounting/finance, and technology

Most businesses much prefer one-on-one advice (75%) over webinars, or online trainings, or live group sessions (~40% each)

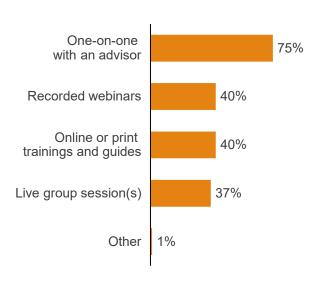
What are your top three business goals for the next 1-2 years?



Which resources would most help you achieve these goals?



How do you prefer to receive non-financial business assistance?



Levels of Capital Demand

Black, Hispanic, and Native-owned businesses and smaller businesses indicated 'need' for smaller amounts of capital

67% of Black-owned businesses were seeking <\$50k, and 43% were seeking <\$25k; all Hispanic and Native businesses were seeking <\$25k

How much money do you need?

	Overal
Under \$10,000	14
\$10,001-\$25,000	15
\$25,001-\$50,000	14
\$50,001-\$100,000	22
\$100,001-\$250,000	15
\$250,001-\$500,000	6
More than \$500,000	8

Race/Ethnicity					
Black	White	MENA	Hispanic	Native	Asian
16%	5%	-	33%	33%	-
27%	22%	30%	67%	50%	67%
24%	17%	10%	-	-	-
10%	17%	10%	-	-	33%
14%	17%	40%	-	-	-
5%	-	10%	-	17%	-
4%	22%	-	-	-	-
	16% 27% 24% 10% 14% 5%	16% 5% 27% 22% 24% 17% 10% 17% 14% 17% 5% -	Black White MENA 16% 5% - 27% 22% 30% 24% 17% 10% 10% 17% 10% 14% 17% 40% 5% - 10%	Black White MENA Hispanic 16% 5% - 33% 27% 22% 30% 67% 24% 17% 10% - 10% 17% 10% - 14% 17% 40% - 5% - 10% -	Black White MENA Hispanic Native 16% 5% - 33% 33% 27% 22% 30% 67% 50% 24% 17% 10% - - 10% 17% 10% - - 14% 17% 40% - - 5% - 10% - 17%

Employee Count					
0-2	0-2 3-5				
18%	9%	10%			
24%	35%	24%			
25%	24%	14%			
9%	13%	17%			
12%	13%	21%			
9%	4%	2%			
3%	2%	12%			

Gender Identity				
Male	Female			
8%	17%			
27%	8%			
16%	13%			
13%	27%			
22%	11%			
3%	7%			
11%	6%			

What do you plan to use the money for?

Working capital	45%
Equipment	22%
Renovate real estate	8%
Refinance debt	49
Purchase real estate	29
Acquire a business	09
Other	169

48%	44%	45%	50%	33%	100%
23%	24%	27%	13%	-	-
5%	16%	-	25%	17%	-
4%	-	18%	13%	17%	-
3%	-	-	-	-	-
1%	4%	-	-	-	-
17%	12%	9%	-	33%	-

43%	54%	45%
29%	10%	24%
8%	5%	9%
2%	8%	5%
-	5%	3%
2%	-	1%
16%	18%	13%

51%	42%
21%	23%
6%	9%
8%	2%
3%	2%
-	2%
11%	19%

Top Non-Capital Needs

Among the three most commonly cited resources, there is approximate 'need' consistency across the specific needs within each of those resources; Accounting & Finance specific 'needs' are among the most sought after across resource categories.

Marketing

(60% indicated as a top need)

Need	Percent
Product Development	59%
Writing and Editing	58%
Market Research	57%
Pricing	57%
Social Media	56%
Branding and Identity	56%
Marketing Strategy	56%
Advertising and Promotion	55%
Public Relations and Media	55%
Web Marketing	55%
Other	53%

Sales

(42% indicated as a top need)

Need	Percent
Wholesale and B2B Sales	56%
Selling Products	55%
Selling Services	55%
Customer Service and CRM	53%
Lead Generation	53%
Retail and Consumer Sales	52%
Government Contracts	52%
Other	43%

Accounting and Finance

(27% indicated as a top need)

Need	Percent
Accounting	63%
Financial Planning	62%
Cash Flow	60%
Budgeting	50%
Taxes	48%
Applying for Financing	46%
Audits	20%
Other	5%

Technology

(24% indicated as a top need)

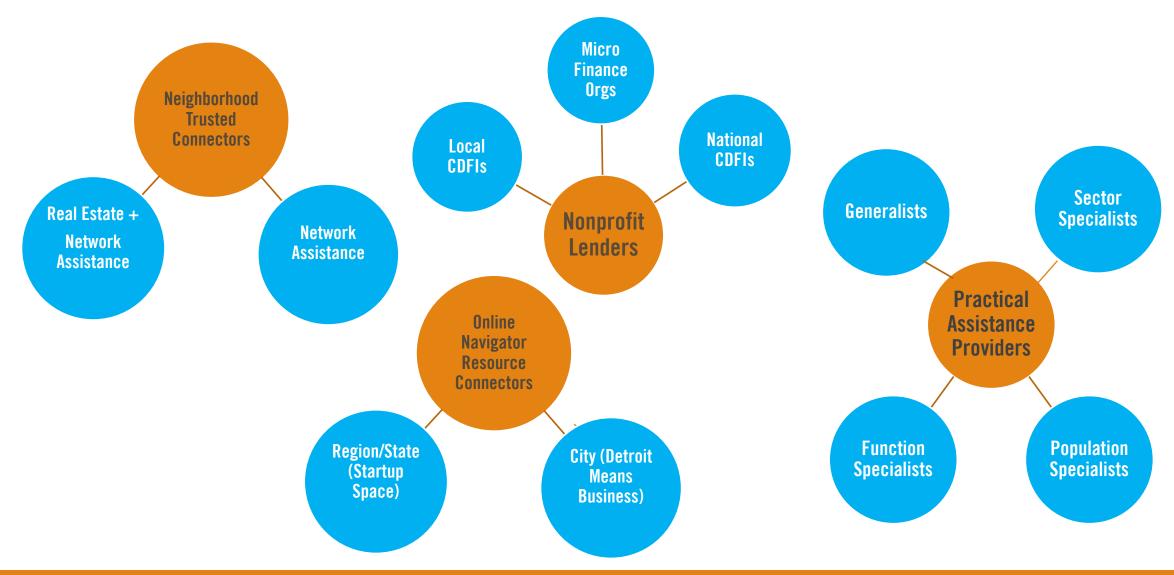
Need	Percent
Website	35%
E-Commerce	29%
Managing Systems	26%
Telecommunications	10%
Other	2%



Nonprofit Support Infrastructure Adina Astor



Nonprofit Network of Microbusiness Support



Nonprofit Support Gaps and Recommendations

Key Insights

The number, complexity, and pace of COVID relief and recovery-focused capital/grants, combined with gaps in microbusiness readiness, has created a "blockage" that has limited access, particularly by BIPOC businesses

Nonprofit lending remains at low levels, with microlending particularly under-utilized (relative to demand)

There are a rich array of support organizations but limited 1:1 advisory capacity and segment-specific resources, along with uneven referral pathways and some underutilized providers

Opportunities

- Invest in continuous BSO training to rapidly and correctly advise businesses and increase BSO capacity to work on microbusiness readiness
- Expand proactive marketing of capital and support resources to increase awarenessbuilding with microbusinesses
- Improve technological capabilities of nonprofit lenders to increase ability to meet needs
- Expand access to 1:1 consultations with both generalists and specialists
- Invest in cultural/language tailoring of outreach and programs for underserved communities
- Invest in "trusted connector" role throughout the ecosystem and increase referral pathways



Public Support Infrastructure Don Jones



Methods of Public Support for Microbusinesses

Government contracts and procurement programming

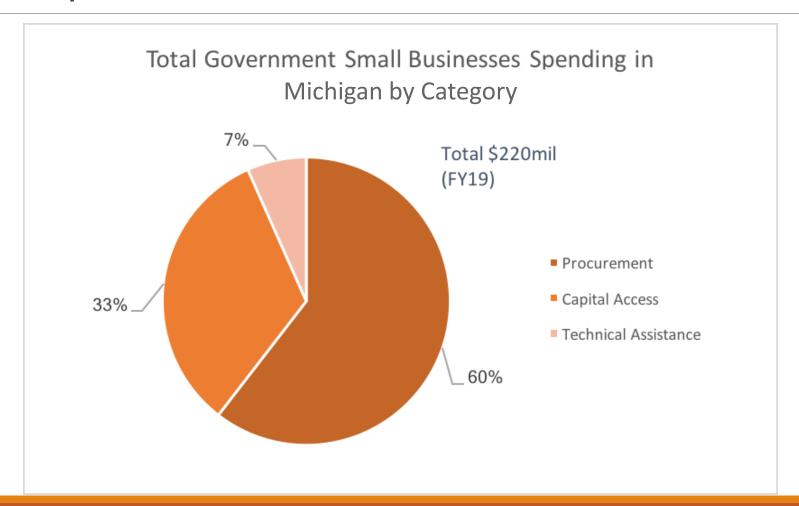
Capital access via loan capital or loan guarantees

Technical assistance and training (i.e., SDBC, SCORE)

Space activation subsidies (i.e., Motor City Match)

COVID-related grant capital through local EDOs

Public sector spend in FY 19 Michigan SMBs totaled \$220 Million



Public Support Insights and Recommendations

Key Insights

Federal and state governments can better utilize their definitions of a microbusiness to track existing support programs

Few federal, state and locally funded affordable capital access programs target microbusinesses

Microbusinesses need education on state and local financial procedures and regulations

Local procurement opportunities can be better utilized by microbusinesses to their full extent

Opportunities

- Implement a clear statewide definition of a microbusiness to allow for data tracking and targeted support programs
- Adopt an affordable statewide microbusiness capital access program through public private partnership
- Extend consumer lending protections to cover microbusinesses, especially related to certain fintech lending practices
- Embed Capital readiness training into capital access programs
- Expand online hub for micro businesses
- Increase awareness of and track microbusiness certifications and exemptions

Advocate and Engage

Make the case for public, private and philanthropic leaders to increase targeted capital for microbusinesses (https://www.neinsights.org/)

Build awareness of nonprofits assisting small businesses in southeast Michigan to point owners to resources (https://www.startupspace.app/hub/NEI)

Learn more about Neighborhood Business Initiative Worktable of Detroit-based small business support organizations working to improve practices (https://neinsights.org/neighborhood-business-initiative-case-study/)

Support Detroit Means Business Platform and coalition of multi-sector leaders focused on underserved small business supports (https://detroitmeansbusiness.org/)

View copy of survey findings to improve your strategies to better serve underserved microbusinesses (www.neweconomyinitiative.org)

Thank You from NEI Team

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